

### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Original) A process for preparing high molecular weight polycarbonate resin comprising the steps of:

a) melting dialkyl(aryl)carbonate and aromatic hydroxy compound and conducting transesterification thereof to prepare low molecular weight amorphous polycarbonate prepolymer with weight average molecular weight of 1,500 ~ 15,000 g/mol;

b) conducting condensation polymerization of the a) low molecular weight amorphous polycarbonate prepolymer under pressure of 0 ~ 50 mmHg or nitrogen gas in an amount of at least 0.1 Nm<sup>2</sup>/kg•h for 2 ~ 120 minutes, to prepare middle molecular weight amorphous polycarbonate with weight average molecular weight of 20,000 ~ 30,000 g/mol and remove unreacted dialkyl(aryl)carbonate and by-products of low polymerization degree less than 3 in step a);

c) conducting solvent-induced crystallization of the b) middle molecular weight amorphous polycarbonate to prepare semi-crystalline polycarbonate; and

d) conducting solid state polymerization of the c) semi-crystalline polycarbonate to prepare high molecular weight polycarbonate with weight average molecular weight of 35,000 ~ 200,000 g/mol.

2. (Cancelled).

3. (Original) The process for preparing high molecular weight polycarbonate resin according to claim 1, wherein the b) condensation polymerization is conducted in a reactor selected from a group consisting of a rotating disk reactor, rotating cage reactor and a thin film reactor.

4. (Original) The process for preparing high molecular weight polycarbonate resin according to claim 1, wherein the mole ratio ( $r$ ) of diarylcarbonate and aromatic hydroxy compound of the middle molecular weight amorphous polycarbonate prepared in step b) is in the range of  $0.9901 \leq r < 1.000$ .

5. (Original) The process for preparing high molecular weight polycarbonate resin according to claim 1, wherein the d) solid state polymerization is conducted within 2 hours.

6. (New) The process for preparing high molecular weight polycarbonate resin according to claim 1, wherein in step a), the dialkyl(aryl)carbonate and aromatic hydroxy compound are mixed at a ratio of 1:1 to 1.1:1.